

MAGNETORESISTANCE IN *i*-R-Cd ICOSAHEDRAL QUASICRYSTALS ($R=Y, Gd$)Garima Saraswat¹, Tai Kong², Sergey L. Bud'ko², Paul C. Canfield² and Dragana Popović¹¹National High Magnetic Field Laboratory, Florida State University, Tallahassee, FL 32310, USA²Ames Laboratory, US DOE, and Department of Physics and Astronomy, Iowa State University, Ames, Iowa 50011, USA

Quasicrystals are ordered but aperiodic lattices. Understanding the relationship between the quasicrystalline structure and magnetism has been a long-standing challenge. Effects of local magnetic moments and intersite spin correlations on transport properties of the quasicrystalline conduction electrons also remain open questions of current interest (see, *e.g.*, Ref. [1]). A class of recently discovered, rare earths and cadmium-based binary quasicrystals, *i*-R-Cd [2], provide an opportunity to investigate electronic and magnetic properties in quasicrystals with localized moments.

We focus on the transport properties of this family of quasicrystals with and without magnetic moments, *i*-Gd-Cd and *i*-Y-Cd, respectively. DC magnetization measurements have revealed a spin-glass behavior for *i*-Gd-Cd quasicrystals, with spin freezing temperature $T_f = 4.6$ K. [3] We have explored the magnetoresistance (MR) up to a magnetic field (H) of 12 T for temperatures (T) ranging from 1.6 K to 300 K. The most interesting behavior is observed in *i*-Gd-Cd, in which the MR exhibits thermo-magnetic history dependence at low T . In contrast, the *i*-Y-Cd MR does not depend on magnetic history.

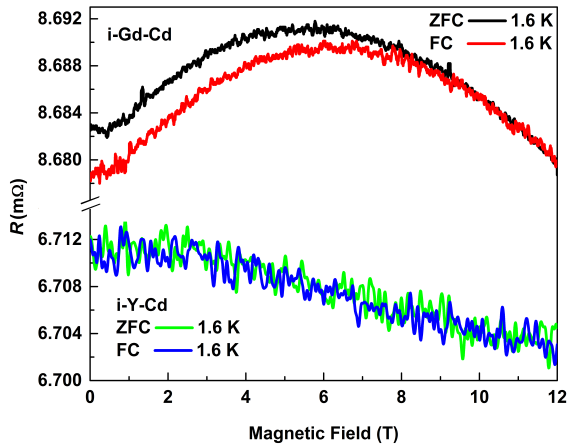


Figure 1: ZFC and FC resistance R of *i*-Gd-Cd and *i*-Y-Cd vs. H at 1.6 K. ZFC state is prepared by zero-field cooling from 50 K and FC state is prepared by cooling in $H=12$ T from 50 K.

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[1] Eric C. Andrade *et al.*, Phys. Rev. Lett. **115**, 036403 (2015).[2] Alan I. Goldman *et al.*, Nature Mater. **12**, 714–718 (2013).[3] Tai Kong *et al.*, Phys. Rev. B **90**, 014424 (2014).

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Figure 1 shows a comparison of the resistances of *i*-Gd-Cd and *i*-Y-Cd as a function of H at 1.6 K for states prepared by zero-field cooling (ZFC) and field cooling (FC) the samples in 12 T. In the quasicrystal with local magnetic moments, there is a clear difference between the ZFC and FC values of the positive MR. The onset of the positive, history dependent MR at $T \sim 20$ K $> T_f$ may be related to the formation of magnetic clusters above T_f , as inferred from the magnetization and specific heat measurements. [3] Possible mechanisms responsible for the striking coupling between charge transport and local magnetic environment observed in the MR will be discussed.

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