

Are there Upper Bounds on the Superconducting Transition Temperature?

Understanding limits on the superconducting transition temperature T_c is a question of fundamental and practical importance. I will begin by describing developments in quantum materials and ultracold Fermi gases that challenge conventional ideas on what controls T_c . I will then describe recent progress [1,2] on upper bounds on the superfluid phase stiffness in terms of the optical spectral weight. This in turn leads to upper bounds on BKT T_c of 2D systems irrespective of pairing mechanism or strength. The T_c bound is particularly simple for parabolic dispersion in 2D: T_c cannot exceed one-eighth the Fermi temperature. This bound has recently been realized in gate-tuned Li:ZrNCl. I will next present results for arbitrary band structures and multi-band systems and discuss applications to monolayer FeSe/STO and magic-angle twisted bilayer graphene. I will then turn to the problem of flat bands in 2D where the optical spectral weight is induced by interactions. I will discuss bounds for both trivial and topological flat bands [2] that depend crucially on the quantum geometry of the Wannier functions. Finally, I will discuss the open question of deriving bounds on T_c in 3D.

[1] T. Hazra, N. Verma, M. Randeria, PRX 9, 031049 (2019)

[2] N. Verma, T. Hazra, M. Randeria, arXiv:2103.08540.