CONDENSED MATTER SCIENCES SEMINAR

Dr Wei Pan

Sandia National Labs

Host

Dr Kun Yang

Title

Josephson effects in Dirac semimetal Cd₃As₂ Friday, May 2nd, 2025 1st Floor – B101 15:00-16:00

Abstract

Josephson junctions (JJs) made of topological quantum materials have attracted a great deal of current interests due to their non-trivial band topology and the capability of realizing topological superconductivity. Here, I wish to report our recent observations of novel Josephson effects in topological JJs and superconducting quantum interference devices (SQUIDs) mediated by Cd₃As₂, a topological Dirac semimetal. First, in aluminum- Cd₃As₂-aluminum JJs, a π periodic supercurrents are observed. Our data analysis suggests that this π period could arise from interference between the induced bulk superconductivity and the induced Fermi-arc surface superconductivity. Moreover, we observe that in Cd₃As₂ SQUIDs this phase coupling between the surface-bulk superconducting channels is responsible for a surprising discovery of the Leggett modes, a collective quantum phenomenon predicted more than 50 years ago. Finally, we show that this phase coupling can further induce time-reversal symmetry breaking and, therefore, can give rise to a zero-field Josephson diode effect in asymmetric Cd₃As₂ SQUIDs.

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