

Unusual high-field state discovered in mineral atacamite Cu₂Cl(OH)₃

L. Heinze¹, H.O. Jeschke², I.I. Mazin^{3,4}, A. Metavitsiadis⁵, M. Reehuis⁶, R. Feyerherm⁶, J.-U. Hoffmann⁶, M. Bartkowiak⁶, O. Prokhnenko⁶, A.U.B. Wolter⁷, X. Ding⁸, V.S. Zapf⁸, C. Corvalán Moya^{9,8}, F. Weickert⁸, M. Jaime⁸, K.C. Rule¹⁰, D. Menzel¹, R. Valentí¹¹, W. Brenig⁵, and S. Süllow¹



1. IPKM, TU BS; 2. RIIS, Okayama University; 3. George Mason University; 4. QSEC, George Mason University; 5. ITP, TU BS; 6. HZB, Berlin; 7. IFW, Dresden; 8. NHMFL, LANL, Los Alamos; 9. CNEA, UNTREF, Argentina; 10. ANSTO, Australia; 11. ITP, Goethe-Universität Frankfurt Funding Grants: G.S. Boebinger (NSF DMR-1644779), S. Süllow (DFG WO1532/3-2 and SU229/9-2)

Magnetically, the mineral atacamite can be called a "sawtooth chain" because, in its crystal structure, the copper ions carrying a magnetic moment are arranged in a chain of triangles resembling a saw (see **Figure** inset). <u>In atacamite, all magnetic moments favor an antiparallel alignment with respect to their nearest neighbors, which, however, cannot be achieved. As such, the system is called "frustrated". Frustrated systems can host a multitude of complex and novel states of matter, including classical and novel quantum spin liquids.</u>

The model of the quantum sawtooth chain has attracted interest from theorists, and a "magnetization plateau" was predicted for certain sawtooth chain configurations. As such, there was a strong motivation to measure the magnetization of atacamite in pulsed magnetic fields in the quest to reach magnetization saturation. *This experiment showed a surprising result that deviates from theory predictions: while a plateau-like region above 31.5T (see Figure) was indeed found, the plateau is much wider than expected and is found in an unexpected range of magnetic field. This implies that the novel plateau-like magnetization observed in atacamite is of an unknown nature not described by existing theoretical calculations for a bare chain and, instead, might be the result of a 3D chain network.*

<u>Future work will be directed towards a better understanding</u> of the unexpected magnetic-field-induced state found in <u>atacamite, knowledge that could help engineer future quantum</u> spin liquid candidate materials.

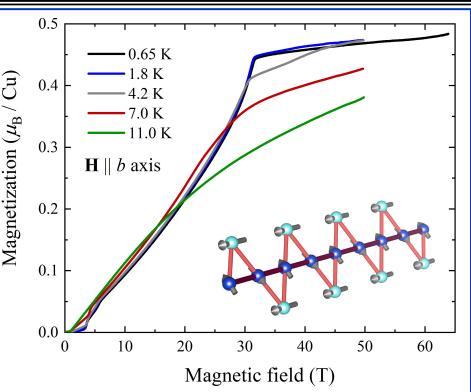


Figure: In a high-field experiment at the MagLab, the magnetization of atacamite was measured up to 65T in pulsed magnetic fields. The magnetization is plateau-like above 31.5T. The inset shows part of the magnetic structure of atacamite in zero magnetic field.

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